

Safety Data Sheet

Copyright, 2014, 3M Company.

All rights reserved. Copying and/or downloading of this information for the purpose of properly utilizing 3M products is allowed provided that: (1) the information is copied in full with no changes unless prior written agreement is obtained from 3M, and (2) neither the copy nor the original is resold or otherwise distributed with the intention of earning a profit thereon.

 Document Group:
 28-1670-0
 Version Number:
 1.03

 Issue Date:
 03/11/14
 Supercedes Date:
 02/15/13

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

3MTM Abrasive Products, 747D PG Wheels

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use

Abrasive Product

1.3. Supplier's details

MANUFACTURER: 3M

DIVISION: Abrasive Systems Division

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000, USA **Telephone:** 1-888-3M HELPS (1-888-364-3577)

1.4. Emergency telephone number

1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Hazard classification

Not classified as hazardous according to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

2.2. Label elements

Signal word

Not applicable.

Symbols

Not applicable.

Pictograms

Not applicable.

Notes to Physician:

Not applicable

2.3. Hazards not otherwise classified

None.

26% of the mixture consists of ingredients of unknown acute oral toxicity.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	% by Wt
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide / Aluminum Oxide Mineral	1344-28-1	10 - 35
Blend (non-fibrous)		
Filler	13983-17-0	2 - 15
Filler	1332-58-7	0.2 - 1.5
Filler	1317-65-3	0.1 - 1.5
Inorganic Fluoride	14075-53-7	2 - 10
Inorganic Fluoride	15096-52-3	1 - 10
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	0.1 - 1.5
Pigment	1332-37-2	0.1 - 1.5
Cured Resin	Mixture	5 - 30
Cloth Backing	None	3 - 25
Steel Shank	Mixture	20 - 50

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Remove person to fresh air. If you feel unwell, get medical attention.

Wash with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.

Eve Contact:

Flush with large amounts of water. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms persist, get medical attention.

If Swallowed:

No need for first aid is anticipated.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment required

Not applicable

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

In case of fire: Use a fire fighting agent suitable for ordinary combustible material such as water or foam to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

None inherent in this product.

Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

Substance Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide

Condition

During Combustion During Combustion

Hydrogen Fluoride

During Combustion

5.3. Special protective actions for fire-fighters

When fire fighting conditions are severe and total thermal decomposition of the product is possible, wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained, positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, bunker coat and pants, bands around arms, waist and legs, face mask, and protective covering for exposed areas of the head.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Observe precautions from other sections.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Not applicable.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Do not breathe thermal decomposition products. For industrial or professional use only. Avoid breathing of dust created by sanding, grinding or machining. Damaged product can break apart during use and cause serious injury to face or eyes. Check product for damage such as cracks or nicks prior to use. Replace if damaged. Always wear eye and face protection when working at sanding or grinding operations or when near such operations. Avoid release to the environment. Combustible dust may form by action of this product on another material (substrate). Dust generated from the substrate during use of this product may be explosive if in sufficient concentration with an ignition source. Dust deposits should not be allowed to accumulate on surfaces because of the potential for secondary explosions.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

No special storage requirements.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	C.A.S. No.	Agency	Limit type	Additional Comments
Filler	1317-65-3	US Dept of	TWA(as total dust):15	
		Labor - OSHA	mg/m3;TWA(respirable	
			fraction):5 mg/m3	
Filler	1332-58-7	Amer Conf of	TWA(respirable fraction):2	
		Gov. Indust.	mg/m3	
		Hyg.		
KAOLIN, TOTAL DUST	1332-58-7	US Dept of	TWA(as total dust):15	
		Labor - OSHA	mg/m3;TWA(respirable	
			fraction):5 mg/m3	
Aluminum, insoluble compounds	1344-28-1	Amer Conf of	TWA(respirable fraction):1	
		Gov. Indust.	mg/m3	
		Hyg.		
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide /	1344-28-1	Chemical	TWA:1 fiber/cc	
Aluminum Oxide Mineral Blend		Manufacturer		

(non-fibrous)		Rec Guid		
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide /	1344-28-1	US Dept of	TWA(as total dust):15	
Aluminum Oxide Mineral Blend		Labor - OSHA	mg/m3;TWA(respirable	
(non-fibrous)			fraction):5 mg/m3	
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Amer Conf of	TWA:10 mg/m3	
		Gov. Indust.		
		Hyg.		
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Chemical	TWA(as respirable dust):5	
		Manufacturer	mg/m3	
		Rec Guid		
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	US Dept of	TWA(as total dust):15 mg/m3	
		Labor - OSHA		
Aluminum, insoluble compounds	15096-52-3	Amer Conf of	TWA(respirable fraction):1	
		Gov. Indust.	mg/m3	
		Hyg.		
FLUORIDES	15096-52-3	Amer Conf of	TWA(as F):2.5 mg/m3	
		Gov. Indust.		
		Hyg.		
FLUORIDES	15096-52-3	US Dept of	TWA(as dust):2.5	
		Labor - OSHA	mg/m3;TWA(as F):2.5 mg/m3	

Amer Conf of Gov. Indust. Hyg.: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

American Indust. Hygiene Assoc : American Industrial Hygiene Association

Chemical Manufacturer Rec Guid: Chemical Manufacturer's Recommended Guidelines

US Dept of Labor - OSHA: United States Department of Labor - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA: Time-Weighted-Average STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

CEIL: Ceiling

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering controls

For those situations where the material might be exposed to extreme overheating due to misuse or equipment failure, use with appropriate local exhaust ventilation sufficient to maintain levels of thermal decomposition products below their exposure guidelines. Provide appropriate local exhaust ventilation for sanding, grinding or machining. Use general dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation to control airborne exposures to below relevant Exposure Limits and/or control dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection equipment. Provide local exhaust at process emission sources to control exposure near the source and to prevent the escape of dust into the work area. Ensure that dust-handling systems (such as exhaust ducts, dust collectors, vessels, and processing equipment) are designed in a manner to prevent the escape of dust into the work area (i.e., there is no leakage from the equipment).

8.2.2. Personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

To minimize the risk of injury to face and eyes, always wear eye and face protection when working at sanding or grinding operations or when near such operations. Select and use eye/face protection to prevent contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. The following eye/face protection(s) are recommended: Safety Glasses with side shields

Skin/hand protection

Wear appropriate gloves to minimize risk of injury to skin from contact with dust or physical abrasion from grinding or sanding.

Respiratory protection

Assess exposure concentrations of all materials involved in the work process. Consider material being abraded when

Page 4 of 11

determining the appropriate respiratory protection. Select and use appropriate respirators to prevent inhalation overexposure. An exposure assessment may be needed to decide if a respirator is required. If a respirator is needed, use respirators as part of a full respiratory protection program. Based on the results of the exposure assessment, select from the following respirator type(s) to reduce inhalation exposure:

Half facepiece or full facepiece air-purifying respirator suitable for particulates

For questions about suitability for a specific application, consult with your respirator manufacturer.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form: Solid

Odor, Color, Grade: Solid Abrasive Product

Odor threshold Not Applicable pН Not Applicable **Melting point** Not Applicable **Boiling Point** Not Applicable **Flash Point** Not Applicable **Evaporation rate** Not Applicable Not Classified Flammability (solid, gas) Not Applicable Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL) Not Applicable **Vapor Pressure** Not Applicable

Vapor Density Not Applicable

Specific GravityNot ApplicableSolubility In WaterNot Applicable

Solubility- non-water Not Applicable

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ waterNot ApplicableAutoignition temperatureNot ApplicableDecomposition temperatureNot ApplicableViscosityNot Applicable

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This material is considered to be non reactive under normal use conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None known.

Page 5 of 11

10.5. Incompatible materials

None known.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Substance

Condition

None known.

Refer to section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products during combustion.

Extreme heat arising from situations such as misuse or equipment failure can generate hydrogen fluoride as a decomposition product.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

The information below may not be consistent with the material classification in Section 2 if specific ingredient classifications are mandated by a competent authority. In addition, toxicological data on ingredients may not be reflected in the material classification and/or the signs and symptoms of exposure, because an ingredient may be present below the threshold for labeling, an ingredient may not be available for exposure, or the data may not be relevant to the material as a whole.

11.1. Information on Toxicological effects

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Inhalation:

Dust from grinding, sanding or machining may cause irritation of the respiratory system. Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

Skin Contact:

Mechanical Skin irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abrasion, redness, pain, and itching.

Eye Contact:

Mechanical eye irritation: Signs/symptoms may include pain, redness, tearing and corneal abrasion.

Dust created by grinding, sanding, or machining may cause eye irritation. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

Ingestion:

No health effects are expected.

Carcinogenicity:

<u>Ingredient</u>	C.A.S. No.	Class Description	Regulation
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	Grp. 2B: Possible human carc.	International Agency for Research on Cancer

Additional Information:

This document covers only the 3M product. For complete assessment, when determining the degree of hazard, the material being abraded must also be considered.

This product contains titanium dioxide. Cancer of the lungs has been observed in rats that inhaled high levels of titanium dioxide. No exposure to inhaled titanium dioxide is expected during the normal handling and use of this product. Titanium dioxide was not detected when air sampling was conducted during simulated use of similar products containing titanium

dioxide. Therefore, the health effects associated with titanium dioxide are not expected during the normal use of this product. **Toxicological Data**

If a component is disclosed in section 3 but does not appear in a table below, either no data are available for that endpoint or the data are not sufficient for classification.

Acute Toxicity

Name	Route	Species	Value
Overall product	Ingestion		No data available; calculated ATE > 5,000 mg/kg
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide / Aluminum Oxide Mineral Blend	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
(non-fibrous)			
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide / Aluminum Oxide Mineral Blend	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 2.3 mg/l
(non-fibrous)	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide / Aluminum Oxide Mineral Blend	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg
(non-fibrous)			
Filler	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Filler	Ingestion		LD50 estimated to be 2,000 - 5,000 mg/kg
Inorganic Fluoride	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 2,100 mg/kg
Inorganic Fluoride	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 4.5 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Inorganic Fluoride	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 5,000 mg/kg
Titanium Dioxide	Dermal	Rabbit	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 > 6.82 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		
	(4 hours)		
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 > 10,000 mg/kg
Pigment	Dermal	Not	LD50 3,100 mg/kg
		available	
Pigment	Ingestion	Not	LD50 3,700 mg/kg
		available	
Filler	Dermal		LD50 estimated to be > 5,000 mg/kg
Filler	Ingestion	Human	LD50 > 15,000 mg/kg
Filler	Dermal	Rat	LD50 > 2,000 mg/kg
Filler	Inhalation-	Rat	LC50 3.0 mg/l
	Dust/Mist		-
	(4 hours)		
Filler	Ingestion	Rat	LD50 6,450 mg/kg

 \overline{ATE} = acute toxicity estimate

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

Name	Species	Value		
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide / Aluminum Oxide Mineral Blend (non-fibrous)	Rabbit	No significant irritation		
Inorganic Fluoride		Minimal irritation		
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation		
Pigment	Rabbit	No significant irritation		
Filler		No significant irritation		
Filler	Rabbit	No significant irritation		

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Name	Species	Value
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide / Aluminum Oxide Mineral Blend (non-fibrous)	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Inorganic Fluoride		Moderate irritant
Titanium Dioxide	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Pigment	Rabbit	No significant irritation
Filler		No significant irritation
Filler	Rabbit	No significant irritation

Skin Sensitization

Name	Species	Value
Titanium Dioxide	Human	Not sensitizing
	and	
	animal	
Pigment	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not

sufficient for classification

Respiratory Sensitization

Name	Species	Value

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

Name	Route	Value
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide / Aluminum Oxide Mineral Blend (non-fibrous)	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Filler	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In Vitro	Not mutagenic
Titanium Dioxide	In vivo	Not mutagenic
Pigment	In Vitro	Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity

caremogenety			1
Name	Route	Species	Value
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide / Aluminum Oxide Mineral Blend (non-	Inhalation	Rat	Not carcinogenic
fibrous)			
Titanium Dioxide	Ingestion	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	Rat	Carcinogenic
Pigment	Inhalation	Human	Some positive data exist, but the data are not
			sufficient for classification
Filler	Inhalation	Multiple	Not carcinogenic
		animal	
		species	

Reproductive Toxicity

Reproductive and/or Developmental Effects

Name	Route	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Filler	Ingestion	Not toxic to development	Rat	NOAEL 625 mg/kg/day	premating & during gestation

Target Organ(s)

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Filler	Inhalation	respiratory system	All data are negative	Rat	NOAEL 0.812 mg/l	90 minutes

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure

Name	Route	Target Organ(s)	Value	Species	Test Result	Exposure Duration
Ceramic Aluminum Oxide / Aluminum Oxide Mineral Blend (non-fibrous)	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis pulmonary fibrosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Filler	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Filler	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	All data are negative	Human and animal	NOAEL Not available	
Inorganic Fluoride	Inhalation	bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair bone, teeth, nails, and/or hair	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification		ННА	
Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	LOAEL 0.010 mg/l	2 years

Titanium Dioxide	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	All data are negative	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Pigment	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis pneumoconiosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure
Filler	Inhalation	pneumoconiosis	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	Human	NOAEL NA	occupational exposure
Filler	Inhalation	pulmonary fibrosis	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Rat	NOAEL Not available	
Filler	Inhalation	respiratory system	Some positive data exist, but the data are not sufficient for classification	Human	NOAEL Not available	occupational exposure

Aspiration Hazard

Name	Value

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional toxicological information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicological information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional ecotoxicological information on this material and/or its components.

Chemical fate information

Please contact the address or phone number listed on the first page of the SDS for additional chemical fate information on this material and/or its components.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with the local/regional/national/international regulations.

The substrate that was abraded must be considered as a factor in the disposal method for this product. Incinerate in a permitted waste incineration facility. Proper destruction may require the use of additional fuel during incineration processes. Combustion products will include halogen acid (HCl/HF/HBr). Facility must be capable of handling halogenated materials. As a disposal alternative, utilize an acceptable permitted waste disposal facility.

EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

SECTION 14: Transport Information

Not regulated per U.S. DOT, IATA or IMO.

These transportation classifications are provided as a customer service. As the shipper YOU remain responsible for complying with all applicable laws and regulations, including proper transportation classification and packaging. 3M transportation classifications are based on product formulation, packaging, 3M policies and 3M understanding of applicable current regulations. 3M does not guarantee the accuracy of this classification information. This information applies only to transportation classification and <u>not</u> the packaging, labeling, or marking requirements. The original 3M package is certified for U.S. ground shipment only. If you are shipping by air or ocean, the package may not meet applicable regulatory requirements.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

311/312 Hazard Categories:

Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No Immediate Hazard - No Delayed Hazard - No

15.2. State Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

15.3. Chemical Inventories

This product is an article as defined by TSCA regulations, and is exempt from TSCA Inventory listing requirements.

Contact 3M for more information.

15.4. International Regulations

Contact 3M for more information.

This SDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SECTION 16: Other information

NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 0 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

HMIS Hazard Classification

Health: 0 **Flammability:** 1 **Physical Hazard:** 0 **Personal Protection:** X - See PPE section.

Hazardous Material Identification System (HMIS® III) hazard ratings are designed to inform employees of chemical hazards in the workplace. These ratings are based on the inherent properties of the material under expected conditions of normal use and are not intended for use in emergency situations. HMIS® III ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® III program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the American Coatings Association (ACA).

Document Group: 28-1670-0 Version Number: 1.03 **Issue Date:** 03/11/14 **Supercedes Date:** 02/15/13

DISCLAIMER: The information in this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is believed to be correct as of the date issued. 3M MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR COURSE OF PERFORMANCE OR USAGE OF TRADE. User is responsible for determining whether the 3M product is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application. Given the variety of factors that can affect the use and application of a 3M product, some of which are uniquely within the user's knowledge and control, it is essential that the user evaluate the 3M product to determine whether it is fit for a particular purpose and suitable for user's method of use or application.

3M provides information in electronic form as a service to its customers. Due to the remote possibility that electronic transfer may have resulted in errors, omissions or alterations in this information, 3M makes no representations as to its completeness

Page 10 of 11

or accuracy. In addition, information obtained from a database may not be as current as the information in the SDS available directly from 3M

3M USA SDSs are available at www.3M.com